

The 2014 Iowa Workforce Needs Assessment Survey asked employers about the types of benefits being offered to their current full time and part time job employees. Of the 74.1 percent of employers who offer benefits to their employees;

nearly three-fourths (73.8%) offer benefits to only full time employees and 26.2 percent offer benefits to both full and part time employees.

Insurance is a common benefit offered by employers. Different types of health care insurance (vision, dental, etc.) may be offered as part of an umbrella plan. Respondents were asked to indicate those separately if included in a combined package. Employers were not asked about workers compensation insurance as that program is intended to cover employer liability and not employee needs directly.

Insurance Benefits Offered by Employers

	Full-Time Positions	Part-Time Positions
Health/Medical	83.7%	55.6%
Prescription Drug Plans	74.4%	48.9%
Life Insurance	61.0%	42.2%
Accidental Death & Dismemberment	50.0%	44.4%
Dental	47.1%	48.9%
Long Term Disability	42.4%	28.9%
Vision	38.4%	44.4%
Short-Term Disability	36.6%	22.2%

Paid Leave Benefits Offered by Employers

	Full-Time Positions	Part-Time Positions
Holiday	80.8%	33.3%
Vacation	80.2%	40.0%
Bereavement/Funeral	69.8%	40.0%
Sick Leave	57.0%	33.3%
Personal Days/Floating Holidays	41.3%	20.0%
Combined Paid Time Off (PTO)	34.3%	26.7%
Maternity/Paternity	33.1%	28.9%
Training	23.8%	20.0%

Paid leave is another common form of employee benefit. Holiday leave varies by company in both the number of days and the particular holidays recognized. Some employers may also offer increased holiday pay in lieu of time off. Similarly, the specifics of maternity/paternity leave programs vary widely among different employers. Combined paid time off (PTO) refers to programs that allow employees to accumulate paid time off in a single pool to be used for either vacation or sick leave versus situations in which employees accrue time in separate pools.

In addition to insurance and paid leave employers offer a range of other benefits. Bonuses are common and are offered on a wide range of criteria including individual performance incentives, longevity awards and company-wide success. Company vehicle benefits include mileage reimbursement for the use of employee owned vehicles. Retirement packages may be either defined benefit (traditional pensions) or defined contribution (401K). Depending on the type of retirement package payments may or may not include either employer or employee matching contributions. Childcare benefits include both reimbursement programs and on-site facilities.

Employers were asked the average annual cost of the benefit package offered per employee. The benefits costs were; under \$1,000 (10.4%), \$1,000-\$2,999 (16.0%), \$3,000-\$4,999 (20.0%), \$5,000-\$6,999 (20.8%), \$7,000-\$8,999 (8.0%), \$9,000-\$10,999 (8.0%), \$11,000-\$12,999 (6.4%), and over \$13,000 (10.4%).

Other Benefits Offered by Employers

	Full-Time Positions	Part-Time Positions
Bonuses	45.3%	13.3%
Company Vehicle	43.6%	33.3%
Uniform Allowances	35.5%	22.2%
Flex Spending Accounts/Cafeteria Plans	34.3%	31.1%
Retirement Package	32.0%	31.1%
Tuition Assistance	20.3%	17.8%
Employee Assistance Program	16.3%	22.2%
Profit Sharing/Stock Options	16.3%	8.9%
Wellness Programs	12.8%	20.0%
Shift Differential Pay	10.5%	13.3%
Relocation/Moving Expenses	6.4%	0.0%
Childcare	2.3%	0.0%

Over three-fifths (61.1%) of the employers reported sharing in the premium costs of health/medical insurance, 32.1 percent of the employers reported covering the entire cost of insurance premiums while 6.8 percent of the employers/employees have made other arrangements.